

ELIZADE UNIVERSITY, ILARA-MOKIN, ONDO STATE FACULTY OF ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATION, 2019/2020 ACADEMIC SESSION

COURSE TITLE: ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS III

COURSE CODE: GNE 315

EXAMINATION DATE: 18th February, 2020

COURSE LECTURER: Dr. Akinwumi A. Amusan

TIME ALLOWED: 3 hours

HOD's SIGNATURE

INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1. ATTEMPT ANY FIVE QUESTIONS
- 2. ANY INCIDENT OF MISCONDUCT, CHEATING, POSSESSION OF UNAUTHORIZED MATERIALS DURING EXAM SHALL BE SEVERELY PUNISHED.
- 3. YOU ARE NOT ALLOWED TO BORROW CALCULATORS AND ANY OTHER WRITING MATERIALS DURING THE EXAMINATION.
- 4. ELECTRONIC DEVICES CAPABLE OF STORING AND RETRIEVING INFORMATION ARE PROHIBITED.
- 5. DO NOT TURN TO YOUR EXAMINATION QUESTION PAPER UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO

Question #1 [12 Marks]

(a) Given that:

$$3x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 = 1$$

$$x_1 - x_2 + 3x_3 = 5$$

$$2x_1 + 5x_2 - 2x_3 = 0$$

- (5 marks) Apply the <u>now transformation method</u> to obtain the values of x_1, x_2 and x_3 .
- (b) Determine whether or not the following set of linear equation is consistent. What type of solution exists if consistent?

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 & -2 \\ 4 & 5 & 2 \\ 1 & 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 3 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

- (4 marks)
- (c) Given that matrix $A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 7 & 6 \\ 3 & 1 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$ and $B = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 \\ 3 & 7 \\ 1 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$, evaluate $|(A,B)^T|$ (3 marks)

Question #2 (12 Marks)

(a) Given that:

$$x_1 - 2x_2 - x_3 + 3x_4 = 4$$

$$2x_1 + x_2 + x_3 - 4x_4 = 3$$

$$3x_1 - x_2 - 2x_3 + 2x_4 = 6$$

$$x_1 + 3x_2 - x_3 + x_4 = 8$$

- (6 marks) Solve for x_1, x_2, x_3 , and x_4 using Gaussian elimination technique
- (b) Solve for x in the following equation using the appropriate properties of determinants

$$\begin{vmatrix} 5 & x & 3 \\ x+2 & 2 & 1 \\ -3 & 2 & x \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

(4 marks)

(c) Write an example of 4 × 4 skew symmetric matrix?

(2 marks)

Question #3 (12 Marks)

(a) Given that:

Given that:

$$B = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 3 & -4 & -2 \\ 5 & 3 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

(i) Evaluate B-1

(3 marks)

(ii) Show that $B.B^{-1} = I$

(2 marks)

- (b) Determine the eigenvalues and eigenvectors for the equation $\mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{x} = \lambda \cdot \mathbf{x}$, where $\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 7 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 & 1 \\ 5 & 0 & 8 \end{pmatrix}$
- (c) Transform the point $(\rho, \phi, z) = (1, \frac{\pi}{6}, 5)$ in cylindrical coordinate system into a point in Cartesian / (1 mark) rectangular coordinate system.

Question #4 (12 Marks)

(a) Solve the following partial differential equation by numerical technique

$$2\frac{\delta f(x,y)}{\delta x} - \frac{3}{2}\frac{\delta f(x,y)}{\delta y} = 0$$

For $0 \le x \le 1$ and $0 \le y \le 1$

Given that the boundary conditions are

$$f(0,x) = 3x + 4$$

$$f(1,x) = 3x + 8$$

$$f(y,0) = 4y + 4$$

$$f(y,1) = 4y + 7$$

Take a mesh of size $\frac{1}{3}$ in the x-direction and $\frac{1}{4}$ in the y-direction

(10 marks)

(b) Solve the differential equation
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{(1+2x)}{(1+3y)}$$

(2 marks)

Question #5 (12 Marks)

(a) In a test on breakdown voltages, V kilovolts, for insulation of different thicknesses, t millimetres, the following results shown in Table Q5 were obtained:

Table Q5

t	2.0	3.0	5.0	10	14	18
			202	449	563	666
V	153	200	282	449	303	

If the law connecting V and t is $V = at^n$, determine the values of the constants a and n.

(7 marks)

(5 marks)

(b) Solve the differential equation
$$(x^2 + 2xy)\frac{dy}{dx} = xy - 3y^2$$

Question #6 (12 Marks)

(a) Given the law relating quantities d and R as:

$$R = a + \frac{b}{d^2}$$

Obtain the best values for a and b from the set of corresponding data given Table Q6:

Table Q6

đ	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.8	1.5
R	5.78	2.26	1.60	1.27	1.53	1.10

(7 marks)

(b) Solve the differential equation
$$y - \frac{3}{x} \frac{dy}{dx} = y^4 \cos x$$

(5 marks)

Question #7 (12 Marks)

- (a) Briefly explain the concept of Optimization and Linear Programming Problem in Engineering (4 marks)
- (b) Use the graphical technique to minimize

$$P = -4x + 6y$$

Subject to the constraint

$$-x + 6y \ge 24$$

$$2x - y \le 7$$

$$x + 8y \le 80$$

$$x,y \ge 0$$

(8 marks)